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COUNTRY	G.rman (Joviet Tor	ıe)	REPORT NO	
TOPIC	Jueterbog-lites Lag	er Airfield		Z.
25X1				
EVALUATION_		PLACE OBTAINED		25X1
DATE OF CON 25X1 DATE OBTAIN		DATE_PREPA	ARED 31 Januar	у 1951
REFERENCES		-		
PAGES3	#ENCLOSURES (NO.	& TYPE)		25X1
	LITOLOGO (IIII)			
REMARKS				
			69) airfield ma	9 UA 25X1
	·			25X1
1. 25X1	The Justerbog-Altes	Lager (N 58/E	or, arrrange a	s observed 1951. The visi-
	bility was only 2.5	km but later t	the sky cleared.	At 9:30 a.m.,
	18 single-engine, 1 hangars number 1 t	o 4. Three bir	lanes were hark	ed in front of open
	hangar To 5 which we repair hangar since	as empty. (1)	This hangar was	probably the
	dual aircraft in fr	ont of it up to	and after 5 p.	m.
2.	The single-engine, three-bladed propel bent outward which and the wheels were double-trapezoidal 30 to 35 mm, pointing propeller disk, and the real was in the tandem. In antenna cockpit and a small fuselage, just in fives small, the tail shaped, and the cle trapezoid. In pitot extended from the awere about 4 to 6 ce painted grass green tional insignia was wings, and on the ron the planes. (1)	ler, a single-s retracted rear efitted on the rings and round to the front, one rotatable cockpit. The mast was on to directional lo ront of the coc wheel rigid, t vator assembly tube was on th ilerons to the m thick. The u , and the lower on the fuselagudder assembly.	trut landing ge ward after turni outside. The n led ming tips. The refitted at heavy machine ghigh cockpit has the front op antenna was kpit. The rump he single rudde was in the shape e right wing. The ger section of section light to the remere difference difference mere difference for the remere difference for the section of the remere difference for the section of the remere difference for the section of the section of the section light to the section of the section of the section light to the section of the section light to the section of the section of the section of the section light to the section light to the section of the section of the section light to the section light to the section of the section light to the section ligh	ar slightly ng 90 degrees, lane had thick Two cuns, about the side of the un operating to d two seats in section of the on top of the of the fuselage r assembly spade- e of a double The landing flaps cockpit braces the plane was blue. The na- side of the fferent markings
25X1 [	There was continual The take-off point the control tower. three or four passes were at the take-of:	"as set up near A red fire trunger cars and to f point.	the flight cont ck, two or three rucks, and about	trol station with tank trucks, 60 to 80 men
23/1			lying observed i	included:
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a. Formations of 3 planes flying in scuadron formation. The planes flew at an altitude of about 1,500 meters. The flights lasted from 50 to 70 minutes. The take-offs and landings were made on the runway from which the snowwas removed. Fore than half of the runway was used for the take-offs. Ifter the landing, all planes taxied back to the end of the runway. All manes had a weapon pointing upward and to the rear, a red propeller hub,

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25X1

- b. Local flights were made by a plane with extended landing gear.

  The plane had a red propeller hub, but no weapon pointing upward and to the rear,

  There 25X1 were, how yer, three vertical, white stripes on the fuse-lage. (2)
- c. Instrument flying with three aircraft. Circles were flown at an altitude of about 1,500 to 2,000 meters and about 8 to 10 km from the airfield. Sometimes the flights were made above the thin cloud layer. One plane had a white propeller hub, but no meason pointing upward and to the rear, \_\_\_\_\_\_ 25X \_\_\_\_\_\_ The leading edge of the rudder assembly was painted white. (2)
- 4. Radio installations observed at the field included:
  - a. In antenna mast, about 7 to 9 meters high and braced on all sides, located about 350 meters north of the western end of the rurway. Two trucks were next to the mast. There was a woods just north and west of the mast.
  - b. Four masts approximately 5 meters high and arranged around a mondan cabin about 2 meters high, located on the southern edge of the field.
  - c. Several construction sheds of the firms which had constructed the buildings at the field, were east of the railroad line, in the eastern extension of the runway. They were about 350 meters from its end. Oneof these temporary buildings was occupied by a detail of about 6 to 8 men who were blue epaulets. On top of this building was a rod antenna about 3 to 4 meters high, probably a radio installation serving as a landing beacon.
  - d. I radio truck, which had a rod antenna about 3 to 4 meters high, was approximately 200 meters south of the castern end of the runway. (3)
- 5. Some narrow-cause railway tracks and 12 or 14 dumpears were seen at the western end of the runway. I small hill, about 4 meters high in the extension of the runway, was being leveled. I strip of forest about 350 meters farther west was being cleared. It was about 300 meters long. (4) Building material and equipment of the construction firms was still stored on the eastern edge of the field.
- 6. The row of spotlights, previously seen along the northern edge of the runway, was no longer there.

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7.	The dump, probably an underground fuel dump, in the southeastern corner of the field, was fenced-in and guarded by a sentry. A sour track led to the dump. Two sentries were posted near the building materials on the eastern edge of the field. The two-story house on the southern edge of the field, which was evacuated by civilians, was now occupied by the guard detail of the field.
8.	Two spur tracks led to the field. A train of 22 boxcars and one passenger car, without a locomotive, was on the classification track of the Altes Lager railroad station. Approximately 12 soldiers were standing there. They were red-bordered black epaulets. Seven motor vehicles, including truck loaded 25X1 with coal, radio truck and truck were seen 25X1 at the entrance to the field. (5) A truck 25X1
(1)	Comments.  The number of aircraft observed does not indicate the total occupation of the field. Other aircraft were probably parked in the four hangars. The description of the single-engine, low-wing monoplanes indicates that they are JL-10s. According to the observation of 11 January 1951, two ground
(2)	attack regiments are stationed in Jueterbog. For layout sketch of airfield.  The same aircraft markings were previously observed on aircraft of the ground attack regiment stationed in Staaken in the summer of 1950. Nost aircraft of this regiment, however, had the upper edges of their rudder assemblies painted red. The markings reported in paragraphs 2b and 2c have not been previous-
(3)	ly observed. The two regiments stationed in Jueterbog had the upper edges of the rudder assemblies painted red or blue. It is possible that the markings have been changed.  The radio installations are reported for the first time. The installation in paragraph 4b seems to be Adcock DF. Another in addition to the fighter units, the ground attack units rely on DF stations to establish their po-
(4)	sitions. The radio installation in paragraph 4c is possibly a landing beacon. To date, landing beacons have only been seen on airfields occupied by fighter units.  Since the charing of the strip of woods is not necessary for the flying of the aircraft with which the ground attack regiments are now equipped, it is believed that either the ground attack regiments are to be equipped with other types of aircraft, or the airfield is to be prepared for future use by other units.
(5)	

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